

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	Canola Oil	
Other means of identification		
Synonyms	RBD Canola Oil * RB Canola Oil	
Recommended use	Food product; used as a feed component, in non-food applications, cosmetic products; food compatible product used in technical applications; and industrial applications.	
Recommended restrictions	None known.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/	Distributor information	
Company name Address	Cargill Incorporated Dressings, Sauces & Oils PO Box 5396 Minneapolis, MN 55440	
Telephone	Telephone Number:	952-742-7575
E-mail	DSO_QA@cargill.com	
Emergency phone number	24-Hour Emergency:	1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC USA)
2. Hazard(s) identification		
Physical hazards	Not classified.	
Health hazards	Not classified.	
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	
Label elements		
Hazard symbol	None.	
Signal word	None.	
Hazard statement	The substance does not meet	the criteria for classification.
Precautionary statement		
Prevention	Observe good industrial hygier	ne practices.
Response	Wash hands after handling.	
Storage	Store away from incompatible	materials.
Disposal	Dispose of waste and residues	in accordance with local authority requirements.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying, cracking, or irritation.	
	Under improper storage or disp containing this material may sp	posal conditions, porous materials such as rags, insulation, or clay pontaneously combust.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substances

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Canola oil		120962-03-0	Proprietary
Composition comments	All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations percent by volume.		as concentrations are in
	The manufacturer has claimed the exact perce Communication Standard.	entage as trade secret und	er the OSHA Hazard
4. First-aid measures			
Inhalation	If symptomatic, move to fresh air. Get medical	attention if symptoms pers	sist.
Skin contact	Wash skin with soap and water. Get medical a	attention promptly if sympto	oms occur after washing.
Canola Oil			SDS U

Eye contact Any material that contacts the eye should be washed out immediately with water. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing. First aid is normally not required. However, if greater than 1/2 liter (pint) ingested, seek medical Ingestion attention. Most important Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may symptoms/effects, acute and cause drying, cracking, or irritation. delayed Indication of immediate Treat symptomatically. medical attention and special treatment needed **General information** Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed such as: Carbon oxides. Rags, steel wool, or waste contaminated with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Under improper storage or disposal conditions, porous materials such as rags, insulation, or clay containing this material may spontaneously combust.
6. Accidental release meas	sures
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8).
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	The product is immiscible with water and will spread on the water surface.
containment and cleaning up	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Dike for later disposal. Absorb spill with vermiculite or other inert material, then place in a container for chemical waste. Flush area with water. Prevent runoff from entering drains, sewers, or streams.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Avoid prolonged exposure. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Proper sanitation with food grade products is essential.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store in original tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Keep container closed.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Canola oil (CAS 120962-03-0)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Mist.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Canola oil (CAS 120962-03-0)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
,		10 mg/m3	Mist.
Biological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the	ingredient(s).	
Appropriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.		
Individual protection measures	s, such as personal protective equipment		
Eye/face protection	If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	Not normally needed. Protective gloves are	e recommended.	
Other	Not normally needed. Wear suitable protec	tive clothing.	
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airb limits (where applicable) or to an acceptabl been established), an approved respirator r respirators are used, a program should be 1910.134. Respirator type: Air-purifying res (where applicable), air-purifying filter, cartri	e level (in countries when must be worn. In the Unit instituted to assure comp spirator with an appropria	e exposure limits have not ed States of America, if liance with OSHA 29 CFR
Thermal hazards	No protection is ordinarily required under n protective clothing, when necessary.	ormal conditions of use.	Wear appropriate thermal
General hygiene considerations	Always observe good personal hygiene me and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking equipment to remove contaminants.		

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Appearance		
Physical state	Liquid.	
Form	Oil.	
Color	Pale yellow.	
Odor	Mild.	
Odor threshold	Not available.	
рН	Not available.	
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Decomposes.	
Flash point	> 600.0 °F (> 315.6 °C)	
Evaporation rate	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.	
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.	
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.	
(70)		
(%) Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.	
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.	
Explosive limit - lower (%) Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available. Not available.	
Explosive limit - lower (%) Explosive limit - upper (%) Vapor pressure	Not available. Not available. Not available.	
Explosive limit - lower (%) Explosive limit - upper (%) Vapor pressure Vapor density	Not available. Not available. Not available. > 1	
Explosive limit - lower (%) Explosive limit - upper (%) Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density	Not available. Not available. Not available. > 1	

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
10. Stability and reactivity	
Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	High surface area exposure to oxygen can result in polymerization and release of heat. No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Exposure to heat and contact with sources of ignition. High surface area exposure to oxygen can result in polymerization and release of heat.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Hazardous decomposition

products

Canola Oil

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Excessive inhalation of oil mist may affect the respiratory system. Oil mist is classified as a
	nuisance particulate by ACGIH.
Skin contact	Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying, cracking, or irritation. Sensitive individuals may experience dermatitis after long exposure of oil on skin.
Eye contact	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Ingestion	None expected as this is a food product.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Information on toxicological effe	ects
Acute toxicity	Not available.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying, cracking, or irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitizatior	1
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.
Skin sensitization	Sensitive individuals may experience dermatitis after long exposure of oil on skin.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
Carcinogenicity	This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.
OSHA Specifically Regulate Not listed.	d Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.
Chronic effects	Excessive inhalation of oil mist may affect the respiratory system. Oil mist is classified as a nuisance particulate by ACGIH.
12. Ecological information	I
Ecotoxicity	Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.
Persistence and degradability	No data available.
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
Mobility in soil	No data available.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. When this product as supplied is to be discarded as waste, it does not meet the definition of a RCRA waste under 40 CFR 261.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Not established. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IPC Code

the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is exempt from SARA 311/312 reporting requirements when used as a food, food additive, color additive, drug or cosmetic under 40CFR370.13(a)

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

Hazard categories

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Immediate Hazard - No Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated. (SDWA)

Food and Drug Administration (FDA)	Total food additive Direct food additive GRAS food additive
US state regulations	This product does not contain a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Canola oil (CAS 120962-03-0)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Not listed.

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Canola oil (CAS 120962-03-0)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Not regulated.

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	10-April-2015
Revision date	-
Version #	01
NFPA ratings	
References	ACGIH EPA: AQUIRE database NLM: Hazardous Substances Data Base US. IARC Monographs on Occupational Exposures to Chemical Agents
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